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**CHAPTER 238.**

LIQUOR LICENSING.

**An Ordinance to consolidate and amend the law relating to the sale of intoxicating liquor in Sierra Leone.** 14 of 1958.

[Sections 1-5, 7-10, 13-16, 18 and 51, Schedules A-D,

1ST JANUARY, 1960.]

[Remainder, 1ST APRIL, 1960.]

1. (1) This Ordinance may be cited as the Liquor Licensing Ordinance. Short title  
and com-  
mencement.

(2) Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18 and 51 and Schedules A, B, C and D shall come into force on such date as the Governor may by Order declare, and the rest of this Ordinance shall come into force on the expiry of three months from that date. \*

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\* P.N. 180 of 1959, which included also section 6.

Interpreta-  
tion.

2. In this Ordinance, unless the context otherwise requires—

“beer” means beer, ale, porter, spruce beer, black beer, or any other description of beer, cider, perry, and any fermented malt liquor:

Provided that any fermented beer containing a greater proportion than forty *per centum* of proof spirits shall be deemed to be spirits;

Cap. 65.

“City of Freetown” means the City of Freetown as delimited in section 5 of the Freetown Municipality Ordinance;

Cap. 7.

“Freetown Police District” means the Police District of Freetown as defined in the Schedule to the Courts Ordinance;

“intoxicating liquor” means beer, wine or spirits as defined in this section;

“Liquor Licensing Board” means a Liquor Licensing Board constituted under the provisions of this Ordinance;

“premises” includes any train to which is attached a railway restaurant car;

“Register of Licences” means a Register of Licences kept under the provisions of section 41;

“spirits” means rum, brandy, gin, whisky, schnapps, hollands, absinthe and all kinds of spirits and spirituous liquors of any description, and all liquor mixed with spirits, and all mixtures and compounds of preparations made with spirits and any distilled and spirituous liquor, but does not include wine or palm wine or any other native made wine;

“wine” means claret, champagne, port, hock, moselle, chablis, burgundy, Rhine wine and any kind of liquor sold or offered for sale as being foreign wine, or under the name by which foreign wine is usually designated or known, sweets, made wines, mead, metheglin, or any liquor made or obtained from fruit or sugar, or from fruit and sugar mixed with any other materials, or from a tree or plant which has undergone a process of fermentation in the manufacture thereof, but does not include palm wine or any other native made wine:

Provided that any fermented wine or liquor containing a greater proportion than forty *per centum* of proof spirits shall be deemed to be spirits.

Establish-  
ment of  
Liquor  
Licensing  
Boards.

3. For the purposes of this Ordinance there shall be established—

(a) a Colony Liquor Licensing Board having jurisdiction throughout the Colony; and

(b) a District Liquor Licensing Board for each District of the Protectorate.

4. (1) The Colony Liquor Licensing Board shall consist of the Senior Police Magistrate of Freetown, who shall be Chairman, and such other persons, not being less than three nor more than seven, as the Governor in Council may from time to time appoint.

Composition  
of Liquor  
Licensing  
Boards.

(2) In each District the District Liquor Licensing Board shall consist of the senior Police Magistrate having jurisdiction in the District, who shall be Chairman, and such other persons, not being less than three nor more than seven, as the Governor in Council may from time to time appoint.

(3) All the members of Liquor Licensing Boards, other than the Chairman thereof, shall hold office during the pleasure of the Governor in Council and shall, whatever may have been the dates of their respective appointments, vacate their seats on the first day of January in the year nineteen hundred and sixty, and thereafter on the first day of January in every alternate year.

(4) Any member vacating his seat, whether under the provisions of the last preceding sub-section or otherwise, may be re-appointed a member of a Liquor Licensing Board by the Governor in Council.

5. (1) The Chairman and two other members of a Liquor Licensing Board shall constitute a quorum, and in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

Procedure.

(2) The sittings of Liquor Licensing Boards shall be open to the public.

6. (1) The following licences may be granted under this Ordinance for the sale of intoxicating liquor—

Different  
forms of  
licences.

(a) a licence (in this Ordinance called an On and Off Licence) to sell intoxicating liquor to be consumed on or off the premises, for a year, half-year or quarter;

(b) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Wholesale Off Licence) to sell intoxicating liquor in stores, in quantities of not less than one gallon, not to be consumed on the premises, for a year or half-year;

(c) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Retail Off Licence) (to be granted only to a holder of a licence under the last

paragraph hereof) permitting such holder to sell intoxicating liquor in stores, in quantities of less than one gallon, not to be consumed on the premises, for a year or half-year;

(*d*) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Saloon-bar Licence) to sell intoxicating liquor, to be consumed on the premises, for a year, half-year or quarter;

(*e*) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Hotel Licence) to the holder of a Saloon-bar Licence to sell intoxicating liquor by retail to persons lodging in or taking meals in the hotel to be consumed therein, for a year;

(*f*) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Wine and Beer On and Off Licence) to sell wine and beer, to be consumed on or off the premises, for a year;

(*g*) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Wine and Beer Off Licence) to sell wine and beer, not to be consumed on the premises, for a year;

(*h*) a licence (in this Ordinance called an Occasional Licence) to sell intoxicating liquor on special occasions;

(*i*) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Canteen Licence) to sell intoxicating liquor in a canteen for such period as the Governor shall determine;

(*j*) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Club Licence) to sell intoxicating liquor in a club, for a year;

(*k*) a licence (in this Ordinance called a Railway Restaurant Car Licence) to sell intoxicating liquor for a year or half-year by retail in a restaurant car to passengers travelling on the train to be consumed on the train.

Dates on which licences shall expire.

(2) The licences aforesaid, with the exception of Canteen and Occasional Licences, shall expire at the end of the year, half-year or quarter respectively for which such licences have been granted.

Application for certificate for licence.

7. Any person wishing to obtain an On and Off Licence, or a Saloon-bar Licence or a Wine and Beer On and Off Licence or a Wine and Beer Off Licence or a Club Licence or a Hotel Licence shall, two months at least before the licence is required, make application in writing for a certificate to the Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board having jurisdiction in the area in which the premises to be licensed are situated, setting forth his name and address, and the nature of the licence for which he applies and a description of the situation of the premises in respect of which the application is made; and, if an application for a certificate for the same licence in respect of the same premises have been refused within the last preceding twelve months,

stating some substantial reason for the grant of such certificate which was not before the Liquor Licensing Board on such previous application.

8. The Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board on receiving such application shall issue a notice under his hand in the form prescribed in Schedule A, or as near thereto as circumstances permit, and shall cause the said notice to be published once in the *Gazette*, and to be affixed for a period of not less than ten days on the door of the premises to be licensed and on the nearest police station thereto. The notice shall fix a day for the hearing of the application for a certificate and of objections thereto, which shall be not less than thirty days from the date of the publication thereof.

Notice of hearing.

Sched. A.

9. (1) The Commissioner of Police or his representative or, any body responsible for local government or public health in the place in which the premises to be licensed are situate, and any person owning or occupying premises, or the Minister of any place of worship, situated within one hundred yards of the premises intended to be licensed, may object to the granting of such certificate.

Objections to issue of certificate.

(2) Written notice of such objection and of the grounds thereof shall be given to the Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board, and a copy thereof shall also be delivered by the objector to the applicant at least fourteen days before the date of the hearing of the application.

10. (1) The Board shall, before granting or refusing the certificate, hear evidence, which in all cases shall be on oath, with regard to—

Evidence required at hearing.

- (a) the character of the applicant for the licence;
- (b) the suitability of the premises; and
- (c) the need for such licence for the public convenience.

(2) No person shall be heard in opposition of an application who has not given notice in writing as prescribed in sub-section (2) of section 9.

(3) The Liquor Licensing Board may in its discretion grant or refuse to grant a certificate and need not assign any reason.

11. (1) If the applicant is already the holder of a licence under this Ordinance in respect of premises for which he is applying for a new licence, and no notice of opposition has been

Renewal of licences.

given, the Liquor Licensing Board hearing the application may, if it thinks fit, grant a certificate without hearing evidence as prescribed in the last preceding section.

(2) Whenever a Liquor Licensing Board refuses to grant a certificate to an applicant who is already the holder of a licence in respect of premises for which he is applying for a new licence, the Chairman of that Board shall notify the applicant in writing of the decision of his Board and its reasons therefor and, within fourteen days of receiving such notification, the applicant may appeal to the Supreme Court against that Board's decision by lodging a notice of appeal together with a memorandum of the grounds of the appeal with the Chairman of that Board.

(3) On receiving notice of appeal under the last preceding sub-section, the Chairman of a Liquor Licensing Board shall forward to the Master and Registrar for consideration by the Supreme Court a copy of the proceedings before that Board together with the notice and memorandum of the grounds of appeal.

(4) The Supreme Court may either confirm the Liquor Licensing Board's refusal to grant the certificate or may order the issue of the certificate by the Liquor Licensing Board, whereupon the Chairman of that Board shall issue such certificate forthwith.

(5) When a certificate for the renewal of a licence has been refused by a Liquor Licensing Board, the Board may in its discretion authorise the issue of a licence to the applicant for such period, not exceeding three months, as the Board may think proper to enable the applicant to dispose of intoxicating liquor then in his possession. A proportionate part of the prescribed fee for an annual licence shall be paid for every such licence.

Death or  
insolvency of  
applicant.

**12.** In case the applicant shall die, or shall become insolvent after applying for the grant or renewal of a licence and before the licence or renewal licence has been issued, a Liquor Licensing Board may authorise the issue of the licence or renewal licence to the executor, administrator, receiver or trustee, as the case may be, of the estate of such applicant.

Form of  
certificate.

**13.** Every certificate granted under this Ordinance shall be under the hand of the Chairman of a Liquor Licensing Board, shall be addressed, if granted in respect of premises situated in the Colony, to the Accountant General, and if granted in respect

of premises situated in the Protectorate, to the Treasury Sub-Accountant of the district in which such premises are situated, and shall in every case specify the nature of the licence to be granted and the situation of the premises concerned, and shall be in the form set forth in Schedule B or as near thereto as circumstances permit. *Sched. B.*

14. (1) Where any person has objected to the grant of a certificate in any instance and the Liquor Licensing Board which heard the application decides to grant the certificate, the Chairman shall notify the objector in writing of the decision of the Board and its reasons therefor and shall not issue the certificate to the applicant until fourteen days after notification of that Liquor Licensing Board's decision has been given to the objector. *Grant of certificate and appeal.*

(2) Any person who has objected to the grant of a certificate in any instance may within fourteen days of receiving notification that the Liquor Licensing Board which heard the application has decided to grant the certificate, appeal to the Supreme Court against that Board's decision by lodging a notice of appeal together with a memorandum of the grounds of the appeal with the Chairman of that Board.

(3) The Chairman of a Liquor Licensing Board on receiving notice of appeal against his Board's decision to grant a certificate in any instance shall forward a copy of the proceedings before his Board in respect of such certificate together with the notice and memorandum of grounds of appeal to the Master and Registrar for consideration by the Supreme Court and shall not issue the certificate pending the decision of the Supreme Court.

(4) The Supreme Court may either confirm the Liquor Licensing Board's decision and order the immediate issue of the certificate or revoke the Liquor Licensing Board's decision and order that the certificate shall not issue. The Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board which granted the certificate shall give effect to the decision of the Supreme Court.

15. (1) The Accountant General, if the premises to be licensed are situated in the Colony, or the Treasury Sub-Accountant of the district in which the premises to be licensed are situated, if such premises are in the Protectorate, on payment to him of such sum, as the case may be, as is prescribed in Schedule C and, if the licence applied for is an On and Off Licence, a Saloon-bar Licence or a Wine and Beer On and Off Licence or a Wine and Beer Off Licence or a Club Licence or a *Grant of licences.*

*Sched. C.*

*Sched. D.*

Hotel Licence, on the production of a certificate granted under the provisions of section 13, shall grant to the applicant a licence of the class applied for, which shall be in one of the forms set forth in Schedule D, or as near thereto as circumstances permit, and when granted shall be sufficient authority for the person named therein to sell such intoxicating liquor as is mentioned therein on the premises, and in the manner specified therein:

Provided that no Occasional Licence shall be granted by the Accountant General or by a Treasury Sub-Accountant unless he is satisfied by a certificate in writing from the Commissioner of Police, or his representative, that there is no objection to such licence being granted:

Provided further that a Hotel Licence shall only be granted to the holder of a Saloon-bar Licence and in respect of the premises specified in such Saloon-bar Licence.

Copy of  
licence given  
to licence  
holder.

(2) At the time of granting the licence there shall be given to the licence holder a certified copy thereof, and at any time, if the Accountant General or Treasury Sub-Accountant, as the case may be, is satisfied that such copy has been lost or destroyed, he may give another certified copy on the application of the licensee and on production of the licence.

Canteen  
Licence.

16. (1) The Governor may, if he thinks fit, upon the nomination of the Officer Commanding the Troops in Sierra Leone, the Naval Officer-in-Charge, Freetown, the Air Officer Commanding the Royal Air Force, Sierra Leone, or the Commissioner of Police, or if he shall be of the opinion that the public interest renders it expedient so to do, authorise the Accountant General to issue, without the payment of any fee, a Canteen Licence, in the form set forth in Schedule D, or as near thereto as circumstances permit, to the owner or tenant of any canteen in Sierra Leone to sell intoxicating liquor, to be consumed on or off the premises. The Governor may at any time, by writing under his hand, cancel such licence.

(2) A Canteen Licence shall render lawful the sale of intoxicating liquor in the canteen for which it is granted to such persons or classes of persons as may be specified in the licence.

(3) If the holder of such licence, having no licence other than a Canteen Licence, sells, barter or exposes for sale or causes, permits or suffers to be sold, bartered or exposed for sale any intoxicating liquor to any person other than a person specified in the licence or a person belonging to a class of persons so



specified, he shall be liable to the penalties by this Ordinance provided in the case of a person selling intoxicating liquor without licence.

17. (1) A Club Licence shall authorise the supply of intoxicating liquor, being the property of the members of the club, in any quantity to the members of the club and their guests.

(2) No place shall be considered a club where any persons, other than the members and the invited guests of members, are allowed entry or accommodation, or where any persons, other than members, are charged or permitted to pay for any intoxicating liquor, refreshment, or accommodation therein.

(3) A Club Licence shall only authorise intoxicating liquor to be supplied on—

(a) the premises specified in the Licence; or

(b) premises temporarily occupied by the club, provided at least twenty-four hours' previous notice is given to the Senior Police Officer stationed in the district.

(4) If on any premises occupied by a club any intoxicating liquor is supplied to any person, whether a member or not, except under the authority of a licence and in accordance with the conditions of the licence and the provisions of this Ordinance, the person supplying the liquor, and every person authorising the supply of the liquor shall each be deemed to have sold intoxicating liquor without a licence and be punishable accordingly.

(5) A Club Licence shall be applied for by, and issued to, the secretary or other responsible officer on behalf of the club, but no transfer of the licence shall be necessary by reason of a change in the holder of the office.

(6) In this section, " member of a club " means—

(a) any person who has been duly elected a member of a club according to the provisions of the rules of the club;

(b) any person who, having been proposed and seconded by full members of the club, has been admitted as a temporary member of a club according to the provisions of the rules of the club for a period of not less than fourteen days and has paid to the club a due proportion of the annual subscription of a full member;

(c) if the rules of the club so permit, any person who is admitted as an honorary member of the club by virtue of the fact that he is a member of the crew of any ship visiting Sierra Leone;

(d) if the rules of the club so permit, any person who is admitted as a member of the club by virtue of the fact that he is in the employment of a firm carrying on business in Sierra Leone which has paid a block subscription to the club on behalf of its employees;

(e) if the rules of the club so permit, any person who is admitted as a member of the club by virtue of the fact that he is a member of a mess which has paid a block subscription to the club on behalf of its members.

(7) A Liquor Licensing Board may require an applicant or a holder of a Club Licence to produce to its satisfaction such information as the Board may reasonably require as to any of the matters mentioned in sub-section (6) including the rules of the club.

(8) A Liquor Licensing Board may revoke any licence granted to a club under the provisions of this section if it has good reason to believe that the club is in the habit of supplying liquor to persons who are not *bona fide* members of the club or that the liquor sold is not the property of the members of the club.

Railway  
Restaurant  
Car Licence.

18. (1) The Accountant General shall issue, upon the nomination of the General Manager of the Railway, a Railway Restaurant Car Licence, in the form set forth in Schedule D, or as near thereto as circumstances permit, to any person so nominated by the General Manager of the Railway. The Governor may at any time by writing under his hand cancel such licence.

(2) The fee for such licence shall be as prescribed in Schedule C.

Application  
for transfer of  
licences.

19. (1) Any person holding an On and Off Licence, a Saloon-bar Licence, a Wine and Beer On and Off Licence or a Wine and Beer Off Licence or a Club Licence and desiring to have such licence transferred to another person or to other premises—

(a) shall, five weeks at least before the date on which it is desired that such licence shall be transferred, make application in writing to the Liquor Licensing Board having jurisdiction,

for a certificate that his licence may be transferred to such other person or to such other premises; and

(b) shall in such application set forth his name and address together with that of the person to whom, or a description of the premises to which, he desires such licence to be transferred.

(2) If the licence is to be transferred to premises other than those named in the licence, the Liquor Licensing Board shall issue a notice in the form set forth in Schedule E, or as near thereto as circumstances permit, and shall cause the said notice to be published once in the *Gazette* and to be affixed for a period of not less than ten days on the door of the premises to be licensed and on the nearest police station thereto.

*Sched. E.*

The notice shall fix a day for the hearing of the application for a transfer and of objections thereto, which shall be not less than thirty days from the date of the publication thereof, if the premises to be licensed are situated in the Freetown Police District, or if they be situated elsewhere, not less than sixty days from the date of publication thereof.

(3) If the licence is to be transferred to another person, unless such person already holds a licence granted under the provisions of this Ordinance, in which case such evidence may be dispensed with, the Liquor Licensing Board shall, before granting a certificate for that purpose, be satisfied by evidence on oath taken before the Liquor Licensing Board of the character of the person to whom such licence is to be granted.

**20.** (1) The grant or refusal of a certificate for the transfer of any licence specified in the preceding section to premises other than those specified therein shall be subject to the same rights of objection, and to the same procedure, as are set forth in sections 8, 9 and 10.

Objections to transfers and form of certificate.

(2) Every certificate for a transfer of a licence granted by a Liquor Licensing Board shall be in the form set forth in Schedule F, or as near thereto as circumstances permit.

*Sched. F.*

**21.** (1) On the payment of the sum of one pound the Accountant General, if the premises licensed or to be licensed are situated in the Colony, or the Treasury Sub-Accountant of the district in which the premises licensed or to be licensed are situated, if such premises are situated in the Protectorate, shall—

Transfer of licences.

(a) in the case of an On and Off Licence, a Saloon-bar Licence, a Wine and Beer On and Off Licence, a Wine and Beer Off Licence, or a Club Licence, on the production of the

proper certificate, transfer such licence to the person or premises named in such certificate;

(b) in the case of Wholesale Off and Retail Off Licences, transfer the licence to the person or premises to whom or to which the applicant may desire to have such licence transferred:

Provided that a Retail Off Licence shall only be transferred to the holder of a Wholesale Off Licence;

(c) in the case of a Hotel Licence, on the production of the proper certificate for the transfer of the Saloon-bar Licence with which the Hotel Licence is held, transfer the Hotel Licence to the person or premises named in such certificate.

(2) The Accountant General or Treasury Sub-Accountant making such transfer shall endorse on the back of the licence a statement signed by him which shall set out that such transfer has been made by him.

Death of  
licensee.

**22.** (1) If any person to whom a licence has been granted or transferred, dies before the expiration of the time limited in the said licence, the executors or administrators of such person may, with the approval of the Liquor Licensing Board having jurisdiction, carry on the business and shall be deemed to be the holder of such licence for the residue of the time limited therein.

(2) If the estate of the deceased vests in the Official Administrator, or in a person who is himself disqualified from being a licence holder, the Liquor Licensing Board having jurisdiction shall, on application by the Official Administrator or the person interested, appoint a fit and proper person to be manager of the premises in respect of which the licence was granted for the residue of the time limited therein; and such manager shall be deemed to be the holder of the licence for the purposes of this Ordinance.

Sale of liquor  
without  
licence.

**23.** (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of this section any person who sells, barter or exposes for sale any intoxicating liquor without being duly licensed to sell the same, or if licensed, sells, barter, or exposes for sale intoxicating liquor in any quantities which, or at any place where, he is not authorised by his licence to sell, or otherwise than in accordance with his licence, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds and any such intoxicating liquor and vessel in which it is

contained may be seized and the same shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) of this section contained shall be deemed to extend to— Exceptions.

(a) physicians, surgeons, apothecaries or druggists, as to any spirits or spirituous liquor that they may use in preparing or dispensing medicines; or

(b) hawkers licensed to deal in intoxicating liquor under section 24 of the Protectorate Ordinance; or Cap. 60.

(c) any officer, auctioneer or person who, without any licence under this Ordinance, shall sell any intoxicating liquor under the provisions of any other Ordinance or under any process of Law.

(3) In proceedings under this section, it shall not be necessary for the prosecutor to prove that the person charged had no licence, or that the premises on which any sale, barter or exposure for sale of intoxicating liquor took place were not mentioned in the licence, but the person charged, if he alleges that he was licensed or that the premises on which any sale, barter or exposure for sale took place were mentioned in his licence, shall prove the same. Onus of proof.

24. Every occupier of unlicensed premises on which any intoxicating liquor is sold, bartered or exposed for sale, shall, if it is proved that he was privy to the sale, be guilty of an offence, and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding ten pounds. Liability of occupier for sale on unlicensed premises.

25. Any person—

(a) who occupies a shop, for which no licence under the provisions of this Ordinance has been issued to keep any intoxicating liquor in such shop, or in any premises used therewith, or adjoining thereto, who has in his possession or on any such premises any description of intoxicating liquor which he is not authorised to sell, unless he shall account for the possession of the same to the satisfaction of the Court; or Penalty for keeping liquor in any place not authorised.

(b) who holding a licence to sell intoxicating liquor, keeps such liquor in any place other than the premises prescribed in his licence,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds and the intoxicating liquor and vessel in which it is contained, found in any such place, may be seized and the same shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Auctioneer—  
when  
exempted  
from  
payment for  
licence.

26. (1) An auctioneer may, by virtue of a licence under the hand of the Accountant General on the occasion of any sale of the furniture and effects of any person at a private dwelling-house, sell any intoxicating liquor being the private property of the owner of the furniture and effects, and for such licence no fee shall be paid, but such licence shall be prepared by the auctioneer requiring the same and shall specify particularly—

- (a) the name of the owner of the intoxicating liquor;
- (b) the quantity and kind to be sold; and
- (c) the premises from which the same is intended to be sold.

(2) Before the Accountant General shall grant such licence, the auctioneer shall make a statutory declaration that the intoxicating liquor is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, the property of the person whose furniture and effects, and at whose premises such furniture and effects, are about to be sold.

Hours for  
closing.

27. (1) All premises on which intoxicating liquor is sold for consumption on the premises shall be closed as follows, that is to say, on Saturday night from 9.00 p.m. to 5.00 a.m. on the following Monday; on Christmas Day, Good Friday and on nights of all days from 9.00 p.m. until 5.00 a.m. on the following morning; but if a Saloon-bar Licence has been granted in respect of the premises, then from 11.00 p.m. instead of 9.00 p.m. on every night on which the premises may be lawfully open:

Provided that, in respect of any area, the Governor in Council may, after consultation with the Liquor Licensing Board having jurisdiction in such area, by rules vary the general hours for closing specified in this sub-section, and thereupon the provisions of this Ordinance relating to closing hours shall have effect as if the general closing hours were modified in respect of such area in accordance therewith.

Penalty for  
selling liquor  
after the  
closing time.

(2) Any person who, within any period when licensed premises are required under the provisions of this Ordinance to be closed, sells, barter or exposes for sale in such premises any intoxicating liquor, or opens or keeps open such premises for the sale of intoxicating liquor, or who allows any intoxicating liquor, although purchased before the hours of closing, to be consumed in such premises within such period, shall be guilty of an offence and be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding, for the first offence, ten pounds, the second offence, twenty pounds and any subsequent offence, fifty pounds.

(3) Any conviction for an offence under this section shall be recorded on the Register of Licences.

(4) Nothing in this Ordinance shall preclude—

(a) a person licensed to sell any intoxicating liquor to be consumed on the premises from selling such liquor at any time to persons lodging in his house; or

(b) the holder of an Occasional Licence from selling any intoxicating liquor in accordance with the terms of his licence between the hours specified therein by the Accountant General after consultation with the Commissioner of Police, or by the Treasury Sub-Accountant after consultation with the senior Police Officer stationed in his district, as the case may be; or

(c) the holder of a Hotel Licence from opening his hotel for the sale of, or from selling, intoxicating liquor in accordance with paragraph (e) of section 6 (1) of this Ordinance between the hours of 11.00 a.m. and 2.30 p.m. and 6.00 p.m. and 11.00 p.m. on Christmas Day, Good Friday or Sunday; or

(d) the holder of a Railway Restaurant Car Licence from selling any intoxicating liquor at any time in accordance with the terms of his licence; or

(e) the holder of a Canteen Licence from selling intoxicating liquor in accordance with the terms of his licence between the hours specified therein by the Accountant General after consultation with the Commissioner of Police;

(f) the holder of a Club Licence from selling any intoxicating liquor at any time in accordance with the terms of his licence.

28. (1) If, within any period when licensed premises are required under the provisions of this Ordinance to be closed, any person is found on such premises, he shall, unless he satisfies the Court that he was an inmate, a servant, or a lodger on such premises, or that otherwise his presence on such premises was not in contravention of the provisions of this Ordinance with respect to the closing of licensed premises, be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings.

Penalty for being found on premises after closing time.

(2) Any constable may demand the name and address of any person found on any licensed premises within any period when they are under the provisions of this Ordinance required to be closed and, if he has reasonable ground to suppose that the name or address given is false, may require evidence of the correctness of such name and address, and may, if such person fail upon such demand to give his name and address or to offer satisfactory evidence of the correctness of such name and address, apprehend

Demand for name and address of person found on premises after closing time.

him without warrant and take him as soon as practicable before a Magistrate.

Penalty for refusal to give name or address.

(3) Any person, required by a constable under this section to give his name and address, who fails to give the same or gives a false name or address or makes a false statement with respect to such name or address, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings.

False personation of lodger.

(4) Any person who, by falsely representing himself to be a lodger, buys or obtains, or attempts to buy or obtain, at any premises any intoxicating liquor during the period when such premises are required to be closed under the provisions of this Ordinance, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding forty shillings.

Penalty for permitting drunkenness.

**29.** (1) Any licence holder who permits drunkenness, or any violent, or quarrelsome or disorderly, or riotous conduct to take place on his premises, or who sells any intoxicating liquor to any drunken person, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding, for the first offence, ten pounds, the second offence twenty pounds, and any subsequent offence, fifty pounds. Any conviction for an offence under this section shall be recorded on the Register of Licences.

(2) If a licence holder is charged with any contravention of this section, and it is proved that any person was drunk or guilty of any violent, quarrelsome, disorderly or riotous conduct on his premises, it shall lie on the licence holder to prove that he and the persons employed by him took all reasonable steps for preventing drunkenness or violent, quarrelsome, disorderly or riotous conduct, as the case may be, on the premises.

Penalty for permitting gaming.

**30.** Any licence holder who suffers any gaming or any unlawful game to be played on his premises, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding, for the first offence, twenty pounds, and not exceeding, for the second and any subsequent offence, fifty pounds. Any conviction for an offence under this section shall be recorded on the Register of Licences.

Power to exclude drunken persons.

**31.** (1) Any licence holder may refuse to admit to, and may turn out from, the premises in respect of which his licence is granted, any person who is drunken, violent, quarrelsome or disorderly, and any person whose presence on his premises would subject him to a penalty under this Ordinance.



(2) Any such person who, upon being requested in pursuance of this section by a licence holder, or his agent, or his servant, or any constable to quit such premises fails to do so, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding five pounds; and all constables are required on demand of such licence holder, agent or servant, to expel or assist in expelling every such person from such premises, and may use such force as may be required for such purpose. The Court committing any person to prison for non-payment of any penalty under this section may order him to be imprisoned with hard labour.

**32.** Any licence holder who knowingly supplies any person, apparently under the age of sixteen years, with intoxicating liquor to be consumed on the premises shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Sale to young persons.

**33.** (1) A certified copy of every licence to sell intoxicating liquor shall be hung up or affixed in some conspicuous part of the room, shop or other place where such intoxicating liquor is licensed to be sold.

Licence to be hung in conspicuous place.

(2) If such copy is not hung up or affixed, the person who sells intoxicating liquor in such room, shop, or place shall be deemed to be a seller of intoxicating liquor without a licence, and shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding, for the first offence, ten pounds, and not exceeding, for the second and any subsequent offence, twenty pounds. Any conviction for an offence under this section shall be recorded on the Register of Licences.

(3) Every holder of a licence to sell intoxicating liquor to be consumed on the premises, other than a Canteen or Occasional Licence, shall set up and affix a sign-board over the door or on some other conspicuous part of the front of the premises where the liquors are sold and consumed. Such board shall be white and have painted legibly thereon in black letters of not less than two inches in height the name of the licence holder and also the words "Licensed Dealer in Intoxicating Liquors," and for each day on which the licence holder omits to have such sign-board set up and affixed he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of one pound.

Sign-board on premises licensed for consumption on the premises.

(4) Every holder of a licence to sell intoxicating liquor to be consumed on the premises shall set apart for the sole accommodation and use of the public at least one apartment fit and proper for such purpose.

Room to be set apart for the public.

Sections of Ordinance to be affixed on premises.

(5) Every holder of a licence to sell intoxicating liquor to be consumed on the premises shall keep constantly affixed in some conspicuous part of the premises wherein intoxicating liquors are so sold a copy of sections 29, 30, 31, 33, 35, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42 of this Ordinance, which shall be supplied to him on application by the official who issued such licence.

Saving.

(6) None of the provisions of this section shall apply to the holder of a Railway Restaurant Car Licence.

Making use of false certificate of licence.

34. Any person who affixes or hangs up in a shop, room or place a document falsely purporting to be a certified copy of a licence issued under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding ten pounds, or to imprisonment for any period not exceeding one month.

Penalty for communication between licensed and other premises.

35. Any person who makes or uses, or allows to be made or used, any internal communication between any licensed premises and unlicensed premises which are used for public entertainment or resort or as a refreshment house, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding ten pounds, and a further fine not exceeding one pound for every day during which such communication remains open after an order from a Magistrate to close the same. Any conviction for an offence under this section shall be recorded on the Register of Licences.

Police to be furnished with lists of licences.

36. (1) The Accountant General shall furnish the Commissioner of Police during the first week of each year, half-year or quarter respectively, with a list of all licences granted under this Ordinance in the Colony and the Commissioner shall cause to be hung up in some conspicuous place at each police station of each district in the Colony a copy of the list of licensed houses in that district.

(2) The Treasury Sub-Accountant of each district in the Protectorate shall furnish the Senior Police Officer stationed in his district during the first week of each year, half-year or quarter respectively, with a list of all licences granted under this Ordinance in his district and such Police Officer shall cause to be hung up in some conspicuous place at each police station within his district a copy of the list of licensed houses in that district.

**37.** Any licence holder who knowingly permits his premises to be the habitual resort or place of meeting of reputed prostitutes, whether the object of their so resorting or meeting is or is not prostitution, shall, if he allow them to remain thereon longer than is necessary for the purpose of obtaining reasonable refreshment, be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding, for the first offence, ten pounds, and not exceeding, for the second and any subsequent offence, twenty pounds. Any conviction for an offence under this section shall be recorded on the Register of Licences.

Penalty for keeping disorderly house.

**38.** Any licence holder who is convicted of permitting his premises to be used as a brothel, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds, shall forfeit his licence and shall be disqualified for life from holding any licence for the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Penalty for permitting premises to be used as a brothel.

**39.** Any licence holder who—

(a) knowingly harbours or knowingly suffers to remain on his premises any constable in uniform during any part of the time appointed for such constable to be on duty, unless for the purpose of keeping or restoring order or in the execution of his duty; or

(b) supplies any liquor or refreshment, whether by way of gift or sale, to any constable in uniform unless by authority of some superior police officer; or

(c) bribes or attempts to bribe any constable,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding, for the first offence, ten pounds and not exceeding for the second and any subsequent offence, twenty pounds. Any conviction for an offence under this section shall be recorded on the Register of Licences.

Penalty for harbouring constable.

**40.** Any person who defaces or obliterates, or attempts to deface or obliterate, any record of a conviction on his licence, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Defacing record of conviction on licences.

**41.** (1) There shall be kept in every Licensing District by the Clerk of the Magistrate or the Court Clerk of that District, a Register, to be called the Register of Licences in such form as may be prescribed by the Chairman of the Liquor Licensing

Recording convictions on Register of Licences.

Board, containing the particulars of all Liquor Licences granted in the District, the premises in respect of which they were granted, and the names of the holders for the time being of such licences.

(2) There shall be recorded in the Register all matters directed by this Ordinance to be so recorded, including all convictions, forfeitures, and disqualifications of a licensed person or premises.

(3) On any application for the grant (either as a new Licence or by way of renewal or transfer) of a liquor Licence under this Ordinance, the Liquor Licensing Board shall have regard to any entry in any Register of Licences relating to either the person by whom or to the premises in respect of which the Licence is to be held.

(4) If any licence-holder against whom two or more convictions for offences committed by him against this Ordinance have been recorded in any one or more Registers of Licences is convicted of any offence which is directed by this Ordinance to be recorded in such Register of Licences, the licence of such licensed person shall be forfeited and he shall be disqualified for the space of at least one year from the date of such further conviction from holding any licence under this Ordinance.

(5) A conviction for any offence under this Ordinance shall not after five years from the date of such conviction be receivable in evidence against any person for the purpose of subjecting him to an increased penalty or to any forfeiture.

(6) Wherever in this Ordinance it is provided that a conviction shall be recorded in the Register of Licences such record shall be made by the Magistrate.

Omission to  
record  
conviction  
on Register  
of Licences.

**42.** (1) Where a conviction for an offence is, by this Ordinance directed to be recorded on the Register of Licences, the fact of no such record having been made shall not, if such conviction be otherwise proved to the satisfaction of the Court having cognisance of any case under this Ordinance, exempt such person from any penalty to which such person would be subject if such record had been duly made.

(2) On such proof, being given, the omitted conviction may be recorded accordingly, and shall be deemed to have been duly recorded in accordance with this Ordinance.

43. No action shall be brought or shall be maintainable in any Court to recover any debt or sum of money alleged to be due in respect of the sale of any intoxicating liquor which was consumed on the premises where sold or supplied, or in respect of any money or goods lent or supplied, or of any security given for, in, or towards the obtaining of any intoxicating liquor.

Non-recovery of debt for intoxicating liquor consumed on premises.

44. (1) No person shall bring on board any of Her Majesty's ships or vessels on, or near, the coast of Sierra Leone any intoxicating liquor without the previous consent of the officer commanding the ship or vessel.

Prohibition of bringing liquor on Her Majesty's ships.

(2) Any officer in Her Majesty's service, or warrant or petty officer of the navy, or non-commissioned officer of marines, with or without seamen or persons under his command, may search any boat or vessel hovering about or approaching any of Her Majesty's ships or vessels, and, if any intoxicating liquor be found on board such boat or vessel, may seize such intoxicating liquor, and the same shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

(3) Any person who brings any intoxicating liquor on board any of Her Majesty's ships or vessels without such previous consent, or approaches or loiters in the vicinity of any of Her Majesty's ships or vessels for the purpose of bringing any intoxicating liquor on board the same, without such previous consent, or for the purpose of giving or selling, without such previous consent, intoxicating liquor to men in Her Majesty's service, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding ten pounds for every such offence.

(4) Any officer in Her Majesty's service, or any warrant or petty officer of the navy, or non-commissioned officer of marines, or any constable, with or without any warrant or other process, may apprehend or cause to be apprehended any person so acting and bring him or cause him to be brought before a Magistrate for the purpose of having the offender summarily prosecuted therefor.

45. It shall not be necessary for any person to take out a licence for the sale of any foreign imported intoxicating liquor while such intoxicating liquor shall be and remain in the warehouse in which the same has been warehoused or deposited according to law, before the payment of duty upon the importation thereof, anything in this Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding:

Licence not required for sale in warehouse.

Provided always that every such sale shall be of not less quantity at any one time than one hundred gallons of the liquor so warehoused or deposited, and be made to one person or firm carrying on trade or business in partnership.

Constable  
may enter  
premises for  
enforcement  
of  
Ordinance.

46. (1) Any constable may, for the purpose of preventing or detecting the violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance, enter at all times on any licensed premises.

(2) Every person who, by himself, or by any person in his employ, or acting by his direction, or with his consent, fails to admit or obstructs any constable in the execution of his duty demanding to enter in pursuance of this section, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding, for the first offence, five pounds, and not exceeding, for the second and any subsequent offence, twenty pounds.

Search  
warrant for  
detection of  
liquors sold  
or kept  
contrary to  
law.

*Sched. G.*

47. (1) A Justice of the Peace or District Commissioner, if satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground to believe that any intoxicating liquor is sold or bartered or exposed or kept for sale or barter at any place within his jurisdiction, whether a building or not, in which such liquor is not authorised to be sold, may in his discretion grant a warrant, in the form given in Schedule G, under his hand, by virtue whereof it shall be lawful for any constable, at any time or times between such hours as may be specified in the warrant and within one month from the date thereof, to enter, if need be by force, the place named in the warrant and every part thereof, and examine the same and search for intoxicating liquor therein, and seize and remove all intoxicating liquor found therein, which there is reasonable ground to suppose is in such place for the purpose of unlawful sale or barter at that or any other place and the vessels containing such liquor; and in the event of the owner or occupier of such premises being convicted of selling, bartering, or exposing, or keeping for sale or barter any liquor which he is not authorised to sell, the intoxicating liquor so seized and the vessels containing such liquor shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

(2) When a constable has entered any premises in pursuance of any such warrant, and has seized and removed such liquor, any person found at the time on the premises shall, until the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been on such premises for the purpose of illegally dealing in intoxicating liquor, and be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

(3) Any constable may demand the name and address of any of any person found on any premises on which he seizes, or from which he removes, any liquor as in this section provided, and if he has reasonable ground to suppose that the name or address given is false, may require evidence of the correctness of such name and address, and may if such person fail upon such demand to give his name or address or to offer satisfactory evidence of the correctness of such name and address, apprehend him without warrant and take him as soon as practicable before a Magistrate.

(4) Any person, required by a constable under this section to give his name and address, who fails to give the same or gives a false name or address, or makes a false statement with respect to such name or address, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction thereof to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

48. In proving the sale or consumption of intoxicating liquor for the purpose of any proceedings relating to any offence under this Ordinance, it shall not be necessary to show that any money actually passed or any intoxicating liquor was actually consumed, if the Court hearing the case be satisfied that a transaction in the nature of sale actually took place, or that any consumption of intoxicating liquor was about to take place, and proof of consumption or intended consumption of intoxicating liquor on premises to which a licence under this Ordinance is attached by some person other than the occupier of, or a servant in, such premises, shall be evidence that such liquor was sold to the person consuming or being about to consume, or carrying away the same by, or on behalf of, the holder of such licence.

Evidence of sale or consumption of intoxicating liquor.

49. If any person being the manager for, or the servant of, or authorised to act for, a licence-holder shall do any act or thing or be guilty of any omission which if done or omitted by the licence-holder would constitute an offence by the licence-holder both such person and the licence holder shall be liable to the penalties prescribed by this Ordinance for such offence, unless the licence-holder shall prove that such act, thing or omission was done or made without the knowledge or consent of the licence-holder.

Both employer and employee liable for offences of latter.

50. Every offence under this Ordinance shall be prosecuted and every penalty and forfeiture shall be recovered and enforced before a Magistrate.

Prosecution for offences.

Power to  
make Rules.

51. (1) The Governor in Council may make rules for the further, better or more convenient carrying out of any of the provisions or purposes of this Ordinance. Such rules may apply to the whole of Sierra Leone or to any part or parts thereof.

(2) In particular, but without derogating from the generality of the powers granted under sub-section (1), the Governor in Council may make rules in respect of all or any of the following matters—

(a) the sittings and procedure of Liquor Licensing Boards;

(b) the amendment of the forms and the scale of fees set out in the Schedules to this Ordinance;

(c) the forms of notices applications and certificates, and the fees to be paid therefor; and

(d) subject to the provisions of the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 27, the variation of the hours for closing.

(3) Subject to the provisions of any rules made under this section, Liquor Licensing Boards shall regulate their own sittings and procedure.

(4) Except in so far as they may be revoked or varied by rules made under sub-sections (1) or (2), the rules with regard to fees set out in Schedule H shall be in force.

*Sched. H.*

(5) Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, the Chief Justice may from time to time make, amend or revoke rules for regulating the practice and procedure to be observed on appeals to the Supreme Court under this Ordinance.

Procedure  
on appeals  
to Supreme  
Court.

52. Subject to the provisions of any rules made under the last preceding section, at the trial of any appeal to the Supreme Court under this Ordinance, the procedure shall, as near as circumstances will admit, be the same, and the Judge shall have the same powers, jurisdiction and authority as if he were trying a civil action, and witnesses shall be subpoenaed and sworn in the same manner, as near as circumstances will admit, as in the trial of a civil action in the Supreme Court, and shall be subject to the same penalties for perjury.





SCHEDULE A.

Sec. 8.

FORM OF NOTICE.

SIERRA LEONE

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that.....of.....has made application for a certificate for a licence to sell.....for consumption on/on or off/off the premises.....for a period of.....from the 1st day of.....19.....

Any person objecting to the granting of the said certificate must on or before the.....day of.....19....., send to me (Chairman of Board) and to.....(the above-named applicant) notice in writing of his intention to object to the grant of the said certificate and together with such notice a statement in writing containing in general terms the grounds of his opposition.

All objections of which notice as aforesaid has been given to the granting of the certificate will be considered by the Liquor Licensing Board at.....on the.....day of.....19.....

Dated this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board.*

SCHEDULE B.

Sec. 13.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

SIERRA LEONE

To the Accountant General/Treasury Sub-Accountant,

Freetown/.....District.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, in pursuance of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance, that the premises.....and occupied by.....are fit and proper to be licensed for the sale of intoxicating liquor and that the said..... is a suitable person to receive, in respect of the said premises, a licence to.....for.....from the first day of.....19.....

Dated this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board.*

Sec. 15.

## SCHEDULE C.

## SCALE OF FEES.

On and Off Licence.	1. Licence to sell intoxicating liquor, to be consumed on or off the premises:		£	s.	d.
	(a) In the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	75	0	0
		per half-year	40	0	0
		per quarter	25	0	0
	(b) Outside the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	30	0	0
		per half-year	20	0	0
		per quarter	12	0	0
Wholesale Off Licence.	2. Licence to sell intoxicating liquor in stores in quantities not less than one gallon, not to be consumed on the premises:		£	s.	d.
	(a) In the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	50	0	0
		per half-year	30	0	0
	(b) Outside the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	20	0	0
		per half-year	15	0	0
Retail Off Licence.	3. Licence to sell intoxicating liquor in stores, in quantities of less than one gallon, not to be consumed on the premises:		£	s.	d.
		per year	25	0	0
		per half-year	15	0	0
Saloon-Bar Licence.	4. Saloon-Bar Licence to sell intoxicating liquor to be consumed on the premises:		£	s.	d.
	(a) In the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	25	0	0
		per half-year	15	0	0
		per quarter	8	0	0
	(b) Outside the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	15	0	0
		per half-year	8	0	0
		per quarter	5	0	0
Hotel Licence.	5. Hotel Licence ... ..	per year	5	0	0
Wine and Beer On or Off Licence.	6. Licence to sell wine and beer, to be consumed on or off the premises:		£	s.	d.
	(a) In the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	5	0	0
	(b) Outside the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	3	0	0
Wine and Beer Off Licence.	7. Licence to sell wine and beer not to be consumed on the premises:		£	s.	d.
	(a) In the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	5	0	0
	(b) Outside the City of Freetown ... ..	per year	3	0	0
Occasional Licence.	8. Occasional Licence for special occasions ... ..		1	0	0
Club Licence.	9. Club Licence ... ..	per year	5	0	0
Railway Restaurant Car Licence.	10. Railway Restaurant Car Licence:				
		per year	12	10	0
		per half-year	7	10	0

SCHEDULE D.

Sec. 15.

FORMS OF LICENCES.

ON AND OFF LICENCE.

Sec. 6 (1) (a).

No.....

SIERRA LEONE

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....to sell intoxicating liquor subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance at.....situated at.....from the first day of.....19....., such intoxicating liquor being allowed to be consumed either on or off the premises.

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the.....day of.....19....., on which date it is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Accountant General or  
Treasury Sub-Accountant.*

WHOLESALE OFF LICENCE.

Sec. 6 (1) (b).

No.....

SIERRA LEONE

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....to sell intoxicating liquor, in quantities not being less than one gallon, subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance (at.....stores, situated at.....), from the.....day of.....19....., but such intoxicating liquor is not to be consumed on the premises.

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the..... day of.....on which date it is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Accountant General or  
Treasury Sub-Accountant.*

RETAIL OFF LICENCE.

Sec. 6 (1) (c).

No.....

SIERRA LEONE

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....the holder of a Wholesale Off Licence to sell intoxicating liquor, in quantities less than one gallon, subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance (at.....stores, situated at.....) from the.....day of.....19....., but such intoxicating liquor is not to be consumed on the premises.

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the.....day of.....on which date it is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Account General or  
Treasury Sub-Accountant.*

Sec. 6 (1) (d).

SALOON-BAR LICENCE.

SIERRA LEONE

No.....

A SALOON-BAR LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....  
to keep from the.....day of.....a Saloon Bar at.....  
in.....for the purpose of selling on the premises intoxicating liquor,  
to be consumed on the premises, subject to the provisions of the Liquor  
Licensing Ordinance.

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the.....day of.....on which  
date it is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....  
19.....

.....  
*Accountant General or  
Treasury Sub-Accountant.*

Sec. 6 (1) (e).

HOTEL LICENCE.

SIERRA LEONE

No.....

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....  
who is the holder of a Saloon-bar Licence in respect of.....  
of.....to sell intoxicating liquor by retail to persons lodging in or  
taking meals in the hotel to be consumed therein on Christmas Day, Good  
Friday, or Sunday, between the hours of 11.00 a.m. and 2.30 p.m. and  
between the hours of 6.00 p.m. and 11.00 p.m.

Amount paid £.....

This licence is granted subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing  
Ordinance, 1958.

This licence expires on the.....day of.....19.....,  
or at such earlier time as the person hereby licensed ceases to hold a Saloon-  
bar Licence in respect of the aforesaid premises.

On expiration this licence is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....  
19.....

.....  
*Accountant General or  
Treasury Sub-Accountant.*

WINE AND BEER ON AND OFF LICENCE.

Sec. 6 (1) (f).

No..... SIERRA LEONE

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....to sell wine and beer to be consumed on or off the premises subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance, at.....from the.....day of.....19.....

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the.....day of.....19....., on which date it is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....19.....

Accountant General or Treasury Sub-Accountant.

WINE AND BEER OFF LICENCE.

Sec. 6 (1) (g).

No..... SIERRA LEONE

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....to sell wine and beer subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance, at....., from the.....day of.....19....., but such wine and beer is not to be consumed on the premises.

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the.....day of.....19....., on which date it is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at....., this.....day.....of.....19.....

Accountant General or Treasury Sub-Accountant.

OCCASIONAL LICENCE.

Sec. 6 (1) (h).

SIERRA LEONE

AN OCCASIONAL LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....on the occasion of.....to sell intoxicating liquor at.....between the hours of.....and.....on the.....day of.....19....., to be consumed in or at such locality and not elsewhere, subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance.

Amount paid £.....

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....19.....

Accountant General or Treasury Sub-Accountant.

Sec. 6 (1) (i).

## CANTEEN LICENCE.

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....Owner/Tenant  
of the Canteen at.....to sell intoxicating liquor between the hours  
of.....on any day of the year within the said Canteen to.....  
subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance, until this  
licence is revoked.

Given under my hand at Freetown this.....day of.....  
19.....

.....  
*Accountant General.*

Sec. 6 (1) (j).

## CLUB LICENCE.

SIERRA LEONE

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....  
of the.....Club to sell intoxicating liquor, being the property of  
the members of the Club, to the members of the Club and their guests at  
.....(or on premises temporarily occupied by the Club, provided at  
least 24 hours' notice is given to the Senior Police Officer stationed in the  
district), subject to the provisions of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance.

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the.....day of.....19....., on  
which date it is to be returned to this office.

Given under my hand at.....this.....day of.....  
19.....

.....  
*Accountant General or  
Treasury Sub-Accountant.*

Sec. 6 (1) (k).

## RAILWAY RESTAURANT CAR LICENCE.

LICENCE IS HEREBY GRANTED to.....to sell  
by retail from the.....day of.....19....., on a Restaurant  
Car on the Sierra Leone Railway intoxicating liquor to passengers travelling  
on the train to be consumed on the train, subject to the provisions of the  
Liquor Licensing Ordinance.

Amount paid £.....

This licence expires on the.....day of.....19.....,  
unless it is sooner cancelled by the Governor.

Given under my hand at Freetown this.....day of.....  
19.....

.....  
*Accountant General.*

SCHEDULE E.

Sec. 19.

FORM OF NOTICE.

SIERRA LEONE

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that.....of.....has made application for a certificate that the licence obtained by him to sell.....for consumption, on/on or off/off the premises, for a period of.....from the first day of.....19....., may be transferred to the premises.....for the remainder of the period for which the said licence has been issued.

Any person objecting to the granting of the said certificate must on or before the.....day of.....19....., send to me (Chairman of Liquor Licensing Board) and to.....(the above-named applicant) notice in writing of his intention to object to the grant of the said certificate and together with such notice, a statement in writing containing in general terms the grounds of his opposition.

All objections, of which notice as aforesaid has been given, to the granting of the certificate, will be considered by the Liquor Licensing Board at.....on the.....day of.....19.....

Dated this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board.

SCHEDULE F.

Sec. 20.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

SIERRA LEONE

To: The Accountant General/Treasury Sub-Accountant,  
Freetown/.....District.

I HEREBY CERTIFY, in pursuance of the Liquor Licensing Ordinance, that.....of.....is a suitable person to whom the licence obtained by.....of.....to sell.....for consumption on/on or off/off the premises.....from the first day of.....19....., may be transferred (or that the premises to which.....of.....applied that the licence obtained by him to sell.....for consumption on/on or off/off the premises from the first day of.....19....., be transferred are fit and proper to be licensed).

Dated this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
Chairman of the Liquor Licensing Board.

Sec. 47.

## SCHEDULE G.

## SEARCH WARRANT FOR INTOXICATING LIQUOR.

To: The Commissioner of Police and the Constables of Sierra Leone.

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED at any time or times between the hours of .....and.....within one month from the date hereof to enter, if need be by force, any part of the premises occupied by.....and situate at.....and to examine the same and search for intoxicating liquor therein, and to seize and remove any intoxicating liquor found therein, which there is reasonable ground to suppose is therein for the purpose of unlawful sale or barter, and to seize and remove the vessels containing the same.

Dated this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Justice of the Peace or  
 District Commissioner.*

Sec. 51.

## SCHEDULE H.

1. In respect of a notice under section 7 (2) or section 19 (2) of the Ordinance there shall be paid by the applicant before the notice is issued a fee of 2s. 6d.

2. In respect of a certificate under sections 11 or 19 of the Ordinance there shall be paid by the applicant before the certificate is granted a fee of 5s.